ARTICLE 1.2 PLANNING COMMISSIONS:

The Planning Commission is a <u>nine_seven</u> member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners to actively participate in the County's planning program. The Planning Commission serves as a hearings body on land use matters, as well as reviewing and making recommendations to the Board of Commissioners on new or amended provisions of the Comprehensive Plan or Land Use and Development Ordinance.

Members represent various geographic areas of the County. The membership also represents a variety of occupations and interests. The term of appointment is four years. The Planning Commission meets regularly. Meetings are held on the first Thursday of the month, unless otherwise scheduled.

The Planning Commission is referred to as a Hearings Body in the Ordinance. Hearings held by the Planning Commission provide for an open public process which allows all parties to observe the land use decision making process. Decisions of the Planning Commission are appealable to the Coos County Board of Commissioners. Legal and procedural requirements for land use applications are set forth in the state statutes and local ordinances.

ARTICLE 6.3 PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENTS

SECTION 6.3.100 PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENTS:

As set forth in ORS 92.190(3), the common boundary line between lots or parcels may be adjusted in accordance with this section without the replatting procedures in ORS 92.180 and 92.185 or the vacation procedures in ORS Ch. 368. Once a lot or parcel line has been adjusted, the adjusted line shall be the boundary or property line, not the original line. The Director has authority to approve a <u>single property</u> line adjustment as <u>a ministerial action and a multi (more than one line adjustment) as</u> an Administrative Action<u>uless the application is required to correct an encroachment. In that circumstance the only applicable criteria is Sections 6.3.125.1, 6.3.150 and 6.3.175. Encroachments do not require notice.</u>

SECTION 6.3.125 PROCEDURE:

- 1. An application for a line adjustment or elimination shall be filed by the owners of all lots or parcels affected. The application shall be accompanied by an appropriate fee and contain the following information:
 - a. Reason for the line adjustment;
 - b. Vicinity map locating the proposed line adjustment or elimination in relation to adjacent subdivisions, partitions, other units of land and roadways;
 - c. A plot plan showing the existing boundary lines of the lots or parcels affected by the line adjustment and the approximate location for the proposed adjustment line. The plot plan shall also show the approximate location of all structures within ten (10) feet of the proposed adjusted line;
 - d. A current property report (less than 6 months old) indicating any taxes, assessment or other liens against the property, easements, restrictive covenants and rights-of-way, and ownerships of the property of the proposed development. A title report is acceptable. The Planning Director may waive any portion of this requirement if the property is large and does not have a lien holder.
 - e. A notice of application and decision will be provided to any and all lien holders of record for the property that will be affected by the proposed adjustment. Applicants should consult with any and all such lien holders prior to submittal of an application.
- 2. A line adjustment is permitted only where an additional unit of land is not created and where the lot or parcel reduced in size by the adjustment complies with the requirements of the applicable zone except that a line adjustment for the purpose of exchange or transfer of land between resource land owners shall be allowed so long as:
 - a. No parcel is reduced in size contrary to a condition under which it was formed;
 - <u>b.</u> The resulting parcel sizes do not change the existing land use pattern <u>meaning</u>:
 - 1. _(e.g. Two conforming parcels must remain conforming; _and
 - <u>2.</u> Two non-conforming parcels may remain non-conforming; and,
 - 2.3. tTwo parcels, one conforming and one non-conforming, may remain as such regardless of which parcel is non-conforming after the exchange or transfer).

3. An encroachment of existing or planned structures will not be created within required setbacks as a result of the line adjustment.

A line adjustment for a lot or parcel that contains a dwelling, not on a public sanitation system, and is less than an acre before the adjustment and further reduced as a result of the adjustment shall obtain documentation from Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) that the sanitation system will still meet their requirements.

- 4. All parcels will retain any on-site septic system and associated repair area on the parcel it serves;
- 4.5. In resource lands, a unit of land containing a dwelling, or approved for construction of a dwelling, cannot be adjusted with a vacant resource unit of land for the purpose of qualifying the vacant unit for a 160-acre dwelling.
 - a. A resource unit of land less than 160 acres and containing a (preexisting) dwelling, or approved for construction of a dwelling, cannot be adjusted with a vacant resource unit of land for the purpose of qualifying the vacant unit for a 160-acre dwelling;
 - b. A resource unit of land 160 acres or greater and containing a (preexisting) dwelling, or approved for construction of a dwelling, cannot be adjusted below 160 acres with a vacant resource unit of land for the purpose of qualifying the vacant unit for a 160-acre dwelling;
 - c. A resource unit of land 160 acres or greater and containing a dwelling approved as a 160-acre dwelling, or approved for construction of a 160-acre dwelling, cannot be reduced below 160 acres for the purpose of qualifying the vacant unit for a 160-acre dwelling.

Same Designation: A line adjustment shall only be permitted where the sale or transfer of ownership is made between abutting owners of like designated lands, residential lands, commercial lands, industrial lands, resource lands, and estuary zoned lands unless an existing structure encroaches over an existing property boundary or the boundary line adjustment is required to comply with requirements of the State Department of Environmental Quality for a subsurface sewage system.

- 6. The adjustment will not create a split-zoned unit of land that does not comply with the standards for creation of a parcel in each zone unless the property owner provides for the recording of a restrictive covenant in the deed records for the subject property that prohibit the property from being partitioned along the zoning boundary until such time as each parcel would comply with the minimum standards for the creation of a unit of land (meeting the criteria for land division) in each zone. If a split-zone unit of land is created it shall not be used to justify a rezone in the future.
- 5.7.Applications for multiple (more than one-line adjustment) Property line adjustments are subject to a twelve (12) day appeal period. If appealed, this will be treated as a Planning Director's decision and the procedures in Article 5.8 will be followed. A notice of the decision will be mailed to the applicant and to all neighborhood or community

organizations recognized by the County and whose boundaries include the site. Notice of the decision will also be mailed to the owners of record of property on the most recent property tax assessment roll where such property is located:

- a. Within 100 feet of the exterior boundaries of the contiguous property ownership which is the subject of the notice if the subject property is wholly or in part within an urban growth boundary;
- b. Within 250 feet of the exterior boundaries of the contiguous property ownership which is the subject of the notice if the subject property is outside an urban growth boundary and not within a farm or forest zone;
- c. Within 750 feet of the exterior boundaries of the contiguous property ownership which is the subject of the notice if the subject property is within a farm or forest zone.

6.8. Single Property Line Adjustments are subject to mapping requirements and recording requirements but are not subject to a notice of decision as described in Subsection 7 above.

SECTION 6.3.150 EASEMENTS AND ACCESS:

A line adjustment shall have no affect on existing easements or access. Access shall not be eliminated through a property line adjustment process. If an access is potentially affected then an easement may be created for access to comply with this criterion.

SECTION 6.3.175 MAPPING AND FILING REQUIREMENTS:

- 1. Map and Monuments Required:
 - a. For any resulting lot or parcel ten acres or less, a survey map that complies with ORS 209.250 shall be prepared;
 - b. The survey map shall show all structures within ten (10) feet of the adjusted line;
 - c. The survey shall establish monuments to mark the adjusted line.
 - d. The Coos County Surveyor reserves the right to require monumentation and mapping on parcels greater than ten acres in size.
- 2. Approval and Filing Requirements:
 - a. Upon determination that the requirements of this section have been met, the Director shall advise the applicant in writing that the line adjustment is tentatively approved;
 - b. Within one year from the date of tentative approval, the applicant shall prepare and submit to the Director any map required by Section 6.2.800(4) and Section 6.2.800(5) if a survey is required. If no map is required, the applicant shall submit proof that the requirements of the tentative approval have been met. The Director shall indicate final approval by endorsement upon the map, if any, or if no map is required the Director shall advise the applicant in writing that final approval has

been granted;

- c. Once endorsed by the Director, the map shall then be submitted to the County Surveyor. When the map is filed, the County Surveyor shall indicate the filing information on the map;
- d. A line adjustment shall be effective when the map is filed by the County Surveyor and an instrument (e.g. deed or covenant) is recorded with the County Clerk. If no map is required, then the line adjustment shall be effective when final approval is granted by the Director and an instrument is recorded with the County Clerk;
- e. If a survey is required, the Deed shall be recorded and the Survey Map shall be filed simultaneously. The survey map, with the signature of the Coos County Planning Director shall be submitted to the County Surveyor along with the required filing fee. The survey map will be given a filing number which will be added to the Property Line Adjustment deed. The deed will then be recorded whereupon the recording number for said deed will be added to the face of the survey map. Said map will then be filed with the County Surveyor, completing the process.
- f. The property line adjustment deed must be submitted on the exact format found in Figure 1 below.